FTA Card Extraction Protocol for *Phytophthora infestans* DNA with High pH Steps Claire Patrick, 2022

Before beginning, turn on the water bath and set to $65^{\circ}C$

- 1) Sterilize a hole puncher by spraying with 70% ethanol, flaming with a small bench top flame, and punching onto blank chromatography/filter paper. Make sure to sterilize the hole puncher in this way after every sample to prevent contamination.
- 2) Punch out a single 6mm disc from the applied dry sample spot (try to contain brown spots that may have been infected) while holding a 1.5mL microfuge tube underneath to catch the sample.
- 3) Add 400µL of FTA® purification reagent (Whatman Inc., USA) to each tube, vortex the samples, and incubate for 4 minutes at room temperature.
- 4) Discard the used FTA® purification reagent using a pipette, making sure that the disc stays in the tube.
- 5) Repeat the FTA® purification wash once more by following steps 3 & 4.
- 6) Add 400µL of a modified Te buffer (10mM Tris, 0.1mM EDTA buffer) to each tube, vortex the samples, and incubate for 4 minutes at room temperature.
- 7) Discard the used Te buffer using a pipette.
- 8) Repeat the Te buffer wash once more by following steps 6 & 7, making sure all buffer is removed and the disc remains. Transfer each disc to a new tube.
- 9) Add 70µL of alkaline incubation buffer (0.1 N NaOH, 0.3mM EDTA, pH 13.0) to each tube.
- 10)Centrifuge the samples slightly to make sure the disc is submerged in the solution.
- 11) Incubate the samples in a water bath for 5 minutes at 65°C.
- 12) Add 130µL of neutralizing solution (0.1M Tris-HCL, pH 7.0) to each tube and vortex them in increments of a few seconds 5 times to mix. This will ensure that the reaction is stopped.
- 13) Incubate the tubes for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 14) The FTA punches are left in the final solution and stored in the freezer (-20°C) until use.
- 15) Solution eluted from the FTA cards is used for subsequent analysis.